

## CONSENT FORM FOR CORONARY ANGIOPLASTY WITH STENT IMPLANTATION

Name ..... Surname .....

### PROCEDURE

This procedure is often used instead of surgery (coronary bypass) to treat narrowing or blocking of coronary arteries. It is carried out in the catheterisation laboratory in a similar way to coronarography. The procedure to be carried out will be as follows:

After the local injection of a small amount of anaesthetic substance, a thin tube (a catheter) is inserted into an artery in your groin or arm. Using X-ray, the tube is carefully placed in the coronary artery, where the narrowing or the blockage has been found. A thin metallic wire is put through the catheter inside the coronary artery beyond the narrowing. Then, using this metallic wire as a slide, a balloon in the shape of a sausage is passed through, which is placed in the narrowed or blocked site.

To open the artery, the balloon is inflated with a liquid that squashes fatty deposits, pushing them away and opening the artery.

In some cases

- the coronary artery may split on the inside or be damaged;
- the coronary artery may be narrowed again after deflating the balloon.

or

- the coronary artery may be blocked again.

If any of the above mentioned happens, one or several stents may be used. The stent is a small metallic tube or a metallic spring. The stent is placed at the narrowed part

- The stent may be narrowed or closed. This is usually treated with another angioplasty or in the worst case with surgery.
- The coronary artery may be blocked again. There are several types of stents (known as medication coated stents) that are more effective than the conventional stents (uncoated stents). Data shows that these stents reduce the chances of gradual re-narrowing of coronary arteries, but may carry a higher risk in the immediate closure, than the conventional stents and may require a longer therapy with medication to reduce the risk of blood clots (aspirin and clopidogrel, etc).



## IMPORTANT RISKS AND TREATMENT ALTERNATIVES

The doctor has explained to me all the important risks and problems specifically related to me, as well as the progress of my condition in cases of possible complications. The doctor also explained the possible treatment alternatives as well as the risk in case I do not undergo the procedure.

## PATIENT'S CONSENT

I agree that:

The doctor explained to me my health condition and the proposed procedure. I understand the risks of the procedure, the anaesthetics, and risks specific to my medical condition as well as the expected result.

The doctor explained to me other alternatives of suitable treatment and their risks. The doctor explained to me the prognosis and risks related, should the procedure not be carried out.

I was given the opportunity to ask the doctor questions and express my concerns related to my health condition, the procedure and its risks as well as the possibilities of my treatment. My questions and concerns were discussed and I received a full answer from the doctor, and I understand that in case of a possible complication, I might need a blood transfusion, additional procedure or surgical intervention. I understand that the procedure can be carried out by another specialist doctor. The doctor explained to me that in case of immediate life threatening complications during the procedure, they would be treated in accordance with the circumstances.

I understand that there are no guarantees that the procedure will improve my health conditions.

Based on this

## I REQUEST TO UNDERGO THE PROCEDURE

Name of patient or family member ..... Signature .....

Date .....

*NOTE: The service is prepaid. This service includes only two days stay. Other services related to the possible complications after the two days stay are paid as per the price schedule of the clinic.*

Signature of patient/family member .....